





# Security Clearance, Suitability/Fitness, and Credentialing Reform

#### **Goal Leaders**

Daniel Coats, Director of National Intelligence, Office of the Director of National Intelligence

Joseph Kernan, Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence, Department of Defense

Jeff Pon, Director, Office of Personnel Management

Margaret Weichert, Deputy Director of Management, Office of Management and Budget





#### **Goal Statement**

A Federal workforce entrusted to protect Government information and property and to promote a safe and secure work environment, sustained by an enhanced risk management approach. Supported by:

- Improved early detection enabled by an informed, aware, and responsible Federal workforce
- Quality decisions enabled by improved investigative and adjudicative capabilities
- Optimized government-wide capabilities through enterprise approaches
- Strong partnership with Insider Threat Programs to strengthen the identification, deterrence, and mitigation of problems before they negatively impact the workforce or national security.



#### **Urgency**

Our world is changing at a pace that requires the security, suitability/fitness, and credentialing community to anticipate, detect, and counter both internal and external threats, such as those posed by trusted insiders who may seek to do harm to the Federal Government's policies, processes, and information systems.





### Leadership









### **Goal Leaders:**

- Daniel Coats, DNI
- Joseph Kernan, USD(I)
- Jeff Pon, Director OPM
- Margaret Weichert, DDM OMB

The Security Clearance, Suitability, and Credentialing Performance Accountability Council (PAC) Principal agencies include the Office of Management and Budget, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Office of Personnel Management, and Department of Defense. The PAC\* is responsible for driving government-wide implementation of security, suitability, and credentialing reform.

<sup>\*</sup> PAC members are the Office of Management and Budget, Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Office of Personnel Management, Department of Defense; the Departments of State, the Treasury, Justice, Energy, and Homeland Security; the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the General Services Administration, the National Archives and Records Administration, the National Security Council, and the National Background Investigations Bureau.





### **Goal Structure**

#### Goal

A Federal workforce entrusted to protect Government information and property and to promote a safe and secure work environment, sustained by an enhanced risk management approach.

	work environment, sustained by an enhanced risk management approach.						
Sub-Goal	Major Strategies to Achieve Sub-Goal						
1	<ul> <li>Develop aligned and consistent policy for reporting potential security risks or observable behaviors of concern</li> <li>Train and educate the Federal workforce on their vital role in the early detection of potential issues or risks</li> </ul>						
Trusted Workforce	<ul> <li>Build an SSC awareness campaign to reinforce the early identification of reportable behaviors</li> <li>Study other related mission areas for potential information-sharing opportunities to streamline processes</li> </ul>						
Modern Policies & Processes	<ul> <li>Establish an agile, data-driven, and transparent policy-making process that simplifies traditional overly complex policy development processes</li> <li>Review current end-to-end SSC processes and identify the most cost-effective and efficient methods to vet the Federal workforce</li> <li>Professionalize the SSC workforce through community training, certificate programs, and collaboration with universities</li> </ul>						
Secure and Modern Mission-Capable IT	<ul> <li>Modernize the lifecycle through the use of agency federated systems and shared services</li> <li>Identify enhanced security and interoperability standards and capabilities to better inform IT cost and planning decisions</li> <li>Provide agencies with a mechanism to adopt modern technology, automate manual processes, reduce duplicative investments, and decrease the cyber threat footprint</li> </ul>						
Continuous Performance Improvement	<ul> <li>Establish and implement outcome-based performance metrics and measures</li> <li>Develop a Research and Innovation program to inform policy, process, and technology with empirical data-driven decisions</li> <li>Establish a Continuous Performance Improvement model that will continuously evaluate the performance of the SSC policies and processes</li> </ul>						





### **Summary of Progress in the Second Quarter**

- <u>Placement of Background Investigations:</u> A congressional mandate for the National Background Investigations Bureau (NBIB) to transfer its Department of Defense (DoD) background investigations (constituting approximately 70 percent of NBIB's background investigation volume) raised questions about government-wide implications regarding the remaining 30 percent. Following a PAC interagency review, the Administration decided to transfer the entire NBIB background investigation program (including mission, assets, and resources) to DoD. A 100 percent transfer avoids a variety of potential problems with splitting the existing program: it will retain "economies of scale," facilitate better leveraging of DoD's existing enterprise capabilities, and provide the opportunity for truly transformational reform. The PAC will oversee the transition and will continue to be accountable for ongoing reform of the broader Executive Branch vetting program, including background investigations.
- Security Executive Agent (SecEA) and Suitability and Credentialing Executive Agent (SuitEA/CredEA) Kick Off Effort to Fundamentally Overhaul Federal Vetting Approach: The Executive Agents hosted a two-day Trusted Workforce 2.0 offsite meeting on March 12-13, 2018, to charter transformational change in the way the federal workforce is vetted. The newly launched effort will lead to near-term actions to significantly reduce the background investigations inventory and a revamp of the fundamental vetting approach and supporting policy framework, an overhaul of the business process, and a modernization of the information technology.
- PAC Takes Decisive Action to Reduce Investigation Backlog: In a recent Executive Correspondence, the SecEA and Suit/CredEA adjusted elements of the Federal Investigative Standards to aid efforts targeting a significant reduction of the background investigation inventory. These changes are part of a comprehensive strategy to increase background investigation resources capacity and productivity and incorporate business transformation efficiencies.





### **Summary of Progress in the Second Quarter**

- <u>ODNI Publishes Directive Establishing Continuous Evaluation Policy and Implementation Guidance:</u> The ODNI issued Security Executive Agent Directive (SEAD) 6 on January 12, 2018, establishing Continuous Evaluation (CE) policy and requirements for individuals who have been determined eligible for access to classified information or to hold a sensitive position. CE uses automated record checks of commercial and government databases to assess eligibility more frequently and manage risk more effectively than with the standard periodic reinvestigation process. On March 16, 2018, ODNI issued "Continuous Evaluation Program Implementation Guidelines," to provide Executive Branch departments and agencies with implementation and business process guidance to conduct CE consistent with SEAD 6 and Federal Investigative Standards.
- <u>Memorandum Issued to Standardize Temporary Eligibility for Access to Classified Information:</u> The ODNI issued an Executive Correspondence on March 16, 2018, clarifying guidance on the granting and management of temporary eligibility for access to classified information. This guidance standardizes the Executive Branch approach to granting temporary eligibility to maintain the quality and integrity of personnel security vetting practices. The correspondence further reminds departments and agencies of the minimum investigative standards to be considered when granting such access.
- <u>Performance Accountability Council (PAC) Realigns Implementation Plan:</u> The PAC Strategic Intent and Enterprise IT Strategy Implementation Plan, approved in 2017 to implement the PAC's five-year business and IT strategy, was revised to align with the current trajectory of SSC reform and to reflect the Trusted Workforce 2.0 efforts. Many initiatives included in the Implementation Plan are reported below as part of the CAP Action Plan for transparency on reform progress.



### **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 1: Trusted Workforce**

- Challenge: Information of concern often goes unreported in the Federal Government, which inhibits an agency's ability to address potential issues before escalation.
- Theory of Change: The SSC must work toward instilling a sense of shared responsibility by enabling a trusted workforce through consistent reporting requirements, employee and supervisor training, awareness campaigns for reportable behaviors, and identification of gaps in information sharing with sister missions.

Milestone Summary							
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions			
Identify and provide recommendations to improve cross-mission information sharing.	Mar-2018	Missed	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM	Recommendations are on track for Performance Accountability Council consideration in Q2.			
Expand reporting requirements to the entire workforce.	Oct-2021	On Track	ОРМ	No significant actions during the reporting period.			



### **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 2: Modern Policies & Processes**

- Challenge: The SSC community faces an ever-changing global environment with an increasing mobile workforce, emerging global threats, and advancements in cutting-edge technology and innovations.
- **Theory of Change:** To successfully modernize our processes, the SSC community must develop agile capabilities that integrate the latest innovative technologies to facilitate continuous vetting of more of our trusted workforce and promote delivery of real-time information to the appropriate SSC professional responsible for making risk-based decisions.

Milestone Summary							
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions			
Issue updated standards for denying, suspending, and revoking Federal credentials.	Jun-2018	On Track	ОРМ	The office of the Suitability Executive Agent is finalizing draft standards for review by partner agencies as required by EO 13467, as amended.			
Establish standards and requirements for Trusted Information Providers to provide shared data with Investigative Service Providers.	Oct-2018	On Track	ODNI, OPM	The Suitability & Credentialing Executive Agent and the Security Executive Agent are reviewing revised draft standards for signature.			





# **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 2: Modern Policies & Processes**

Milestone Summary							
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions			
Issue Executive Branch-wide reciprocity policy for national security/sensitive positions.	Dec-2018	On Track	ODNI	The Security Executive Agent finalized the draft policy. Preparing for next stage to submit to OMB for formal interagency coordination.			
Refine standards and guidelines under the new Federal vetting approach.	Dec-2018	On Track	ODNI, OPM	Effort was kicked off in early March assembling dedicated teams to focus on government-wide vetting approach.			
Develop quality standards for adjudicative determinations and expand quality tools to include adjudications.	Jul-2019	On Track	ODNI, OPM	No significant actions during the reporting period.			
Provide the PAC a recommendation for the expansion of continuous vetting across the entire Federal workforce to regularly review their backgrounds to determine whether they continue to meet applicable requirements.	Sep-2019	On Track	ОРМ	No significant actions during the reporting period.			



# **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 2: Modern Policies & Processes**

Milestone Summary						
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions		
Reduce the inventory of background investigations to a steady and sustainable state.	Mar-2021	On Track	NBIB, ODNI, OPM	The Executive Agents and the PAC convened a tiger team to identify aggressive backlog reduction measures and identified new actions that will be directed by the Executive Agents. Identified efforts are expected to reduce the backlog by approximately 20% by the end of 2018.		
Stand up DoD background investigation capability and complete phased transition of cases from NBIB to DoD.	Oct-2021	On Track	DoD	Effort kicked off in January 2018 with ongoing NBIB & DoD discussions on BI transfer for DoD personnel.		
Implement business transformation efforts to reengineer the process, enhance customer engagement, and support policy and process transformation and transition efforts.	Oct-2021	On Track	DoD, NBIB	DoD continues to refine and expand CE capabilities for DoD personnel. Phased implementation of Defense Information System for Security initiated in January 2018.		



## **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 3: Secure & Modern Mission-Capable IT**

- Challenge: The end-to-end SSC process relies heavily on data sharing and information technology (IT) to operate efficiently, effectively, and securely.
- **Theory of Change:** The SSC mission must develop and deploy a modern, secure, and mission-capable, end-to-end digital environment that builds on a foundation of government-wide standards, promotes interoperability and information sharing, and collaboration across the SSC community.

Milestone Summary							
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions			
Implement a shared unclassified record repository to store background investigation and adjudication history.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	Efforts are underway to consolidate the two major unclassified repositories (JPAS and CVS) into a single entity (DISS).			
Implement a new electronic Application shared service capability and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	The SF-86 has been implemented in the tool and will soon begin a small-scale pilot.			
Implement a shared service to provide an unclassified information exchange for ready and efficient access to data, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	No significant actions during the reporting period.			





# **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 3: Secure & Modern Mission-Capable IT**

### **Milestone Summary**

Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions
Implement a shared service capability that leverages automation to determine the sensitivity and risk level of a position, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	An updated position designation tool is being deployed in a new environment that will allow for iterative improvement and integration with related applications.
Implement a shared service capability that supports the development of background investigation reports, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	Discovery and development work has begun on an advanced investigation management capability to replace legacy applications.
Implement a shared service capability that supports the adjudication of background investigations, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	A phased deployment of updated adjudication management capabilities to the Consolidated Adjudications Facility of DoD has recently begun.
Implement a shared service capability that supports security or suitability manager functions that take place after adjudication (e.g. reciprocity, visit requests), and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM	Updated security manager capabilities have recently been deployed to the DoD.



## **Key Milestones Sub-Goal 4: Continuous Performance Improvement**

- Challenge: The SSC has faced challenges in monitoring performance and identifying and driving enterprise-level enhancements to policy, oversight, and operational processes.
- **Theory of Change:** To initiate the necessary culture shift across the enterprise, the SSC community must institutionalize and integrate a continuous performance improvement model that will establish outcome-based performance metrics and measures; inform policy, process, and technology with empirical-based decisions; and continuously evaluate its performance and identify efficient and effective ways to perform its mission.

Milestone Summary							
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions			
Improve public transparency of progress and performance.	Apr-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM	Release of performance metrics on performance.gov.			
Improve decision-making by increasing access to research findings across the Executive Branch.	May-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM	No significant actions during the reporting period.			
Continue to mature the research & innovation program to support SSC priorities.	Oct-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM	No significant actions during the reporting period.			

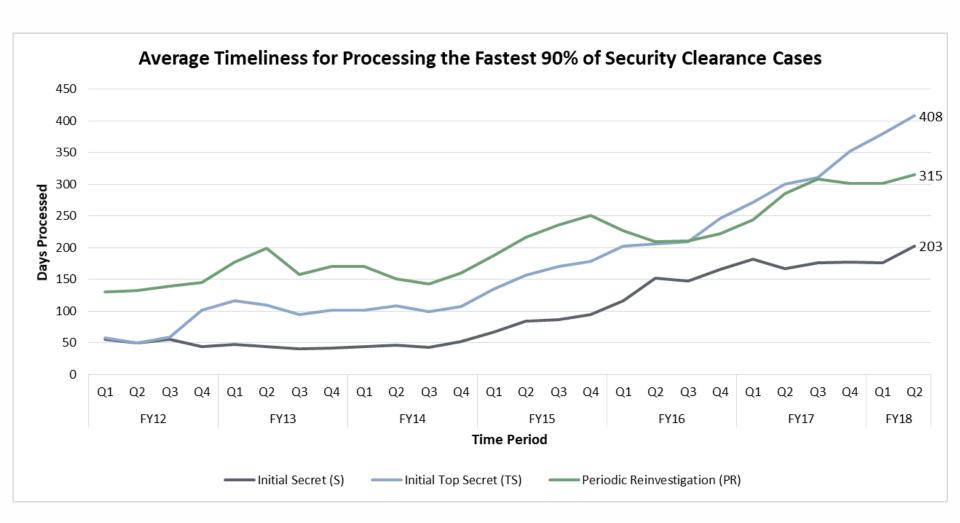


# **Key Indicator: Portfolio**

Focus Area	Key Indicator Title	Description				
Timeliness	End-to-End Process Timeliness (2 slides)	Average number of days to complete end-to-end processing for the national security population				
	NBIB Investigations Inventory	Total inventory of pending NBIB investigations by anticipated workload effort				
Volume	NBIB Investigations Case Flow	Total number of cases closed and scheduled per month, which drives changes to the Investigations Inventory				
	NBIB Investigator Headcount	Total number of investigators performing investigations for NBIB per year by both federal and contractor population				
	DoD National Security Population Eligibility and Access	Total number of federal, military, and contractor personnel eligible for a national security position and personnel currently in access for the Defense Department				
Risk	DoD Continuous Evaluation Enrollment	Total number of DoD personnel enrolled in the Department's Continuous Evaluation (CE) Program				
	Out-of-Scope National Security Population (2 slides)	Total number of Federal workforce eligible for a national security position with out-of-scope (outdated) investigations by security clearance level				



### **Key Indicator: End-to-End Process Timeliness**





### **Key Indicator: End-to-End Process Timeliness**

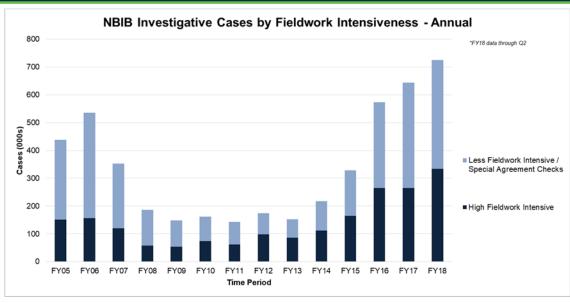
Average number of days to complete end-to-end processes at the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile, by case type as defined under IRTPA

by case type as defined under INTPA								
(PAC Methodology) Fastest 90%								
	100%	Initiate	Investigate           Average Days           Q3         Q4         Q1         Q2           17         17         18         18	Adjudicate           Average Days           Q3         Q4         Q1         Q2           17         17         18         18	End-to-End (Initiate + Inv. + Adj.)  Average Days  Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2  17 17 18 18			
Initial Secret Cases	Volume 301,428	Goal: 14 Days  15 13 11 13	40 Days 137 141 142 162	20 Days 24 23 23 28	74 Days 176 177 176 203			
Initial Top Secret Cases	Volume 87,204	Goal: 14 Days  18   18   21   20	80 Days 272 306 333 345	20 Days 21 28 26 43	114 Days 311 352 380 408			
Periodic Reinvestigations	Volume 178,617	Goal: 15 Days 21 24 26 26	150 Days 249 243 247 253	30 Days 38 35 29 36	195 Days 308 302 302 315			
		Red Text: G	oal Not Met	Green Tex	t: Goal Met			



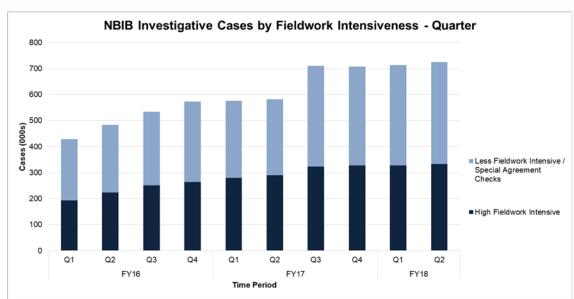


### **Key Indicator: NBIB Investigations Inventory**



**High Fieldwork Intensive** – Cases that typically require investigators to do more extensive work in the field (i.e., case issues that require manual follow-up). These are used for higher risk positions.

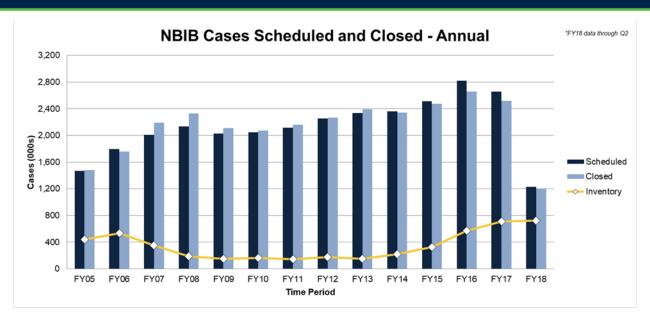
Less Fieldwork Intensive/Special Agreement Checks – Cases that typically require little to no work in the field (i.e. automated fingerprint checks or clean cases). These are used for lower risk positions.

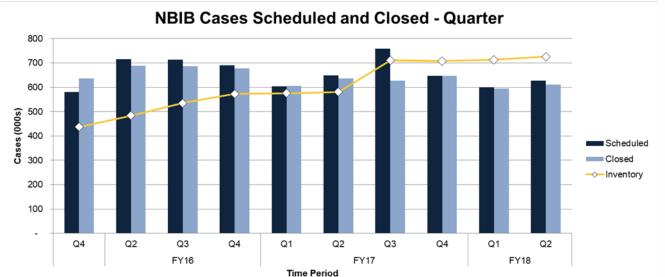






# **Key Indicator: NBIB Investigations Case Flow**

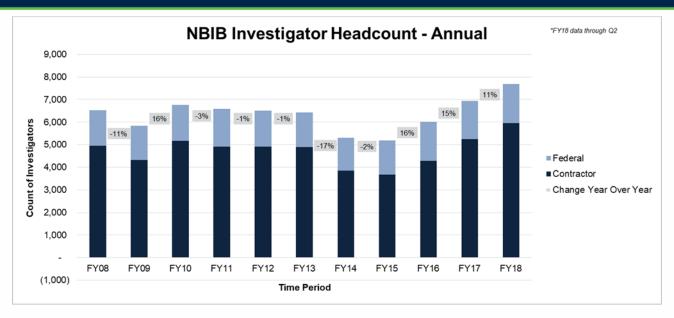


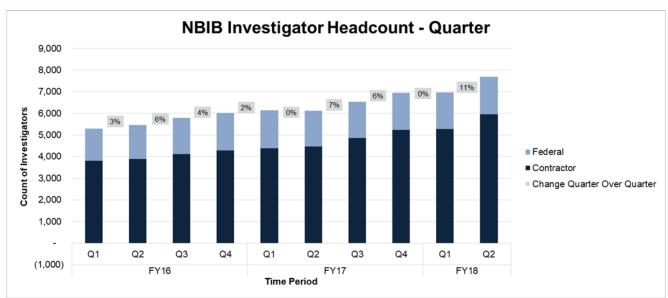






# **Key Indicator: NBIB Investigator Headcount**

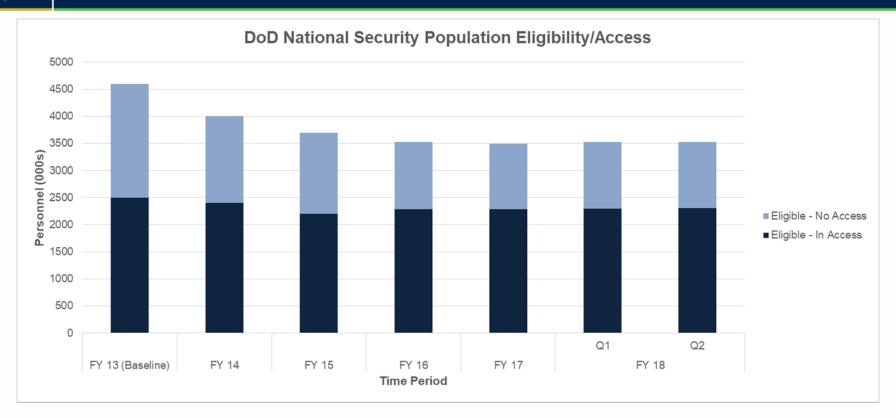








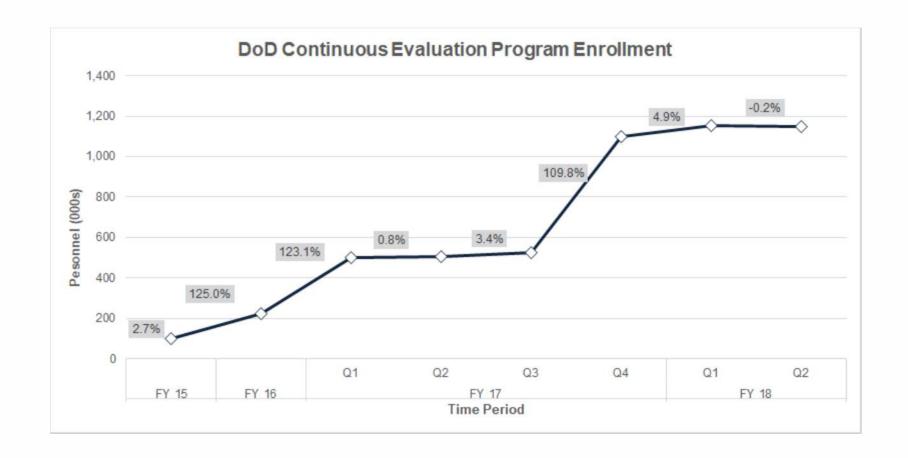
## **Key Indicator: DoD National Security Population Eligibility & Access**



Change in DoD Clearance (in Thousands)									
	FY13 (Baseline)	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18Q1	FY18Q2	Number Decreased (from baseline)	FY13-FY18Q2 % Change
Eligible - In Access	2500	2400	2200	2280	2280	2300	2310	-190	-8%
Eligible - No Access	2100	1600	1500	1250	1210	1230	1220	-880	-42%
Total	4600	4000	3700	3530	3490	3530	3530	-1070	-23.3%



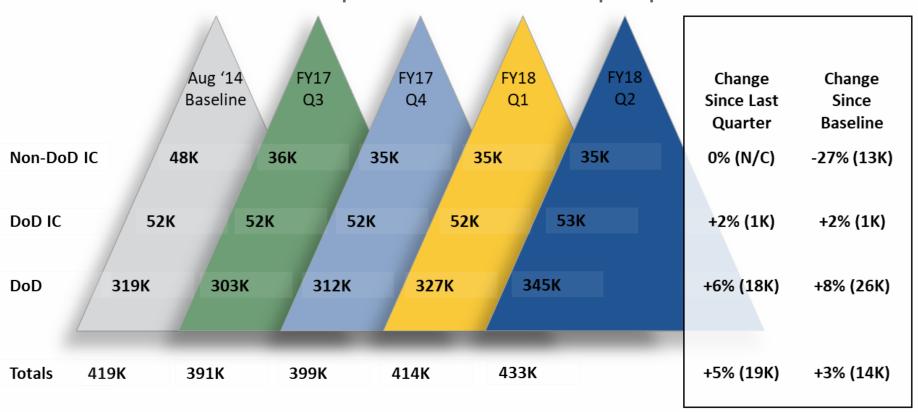
### **Key Indicator: DoD Continuous Evaluation Enrollment**





### **Key Indicator: Out-of-Scope National Security Population**

#### DoD and IC Top Secret & TS/SCI Out of Scope Population

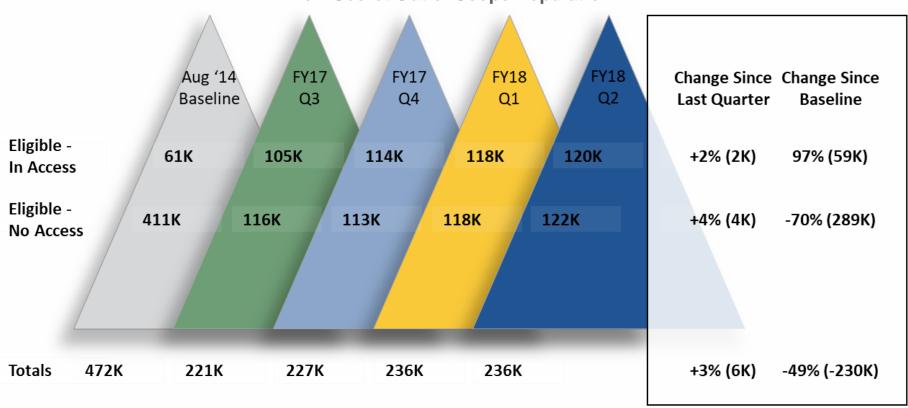


Overall change since baseline: +3% (14K)



### **Key Indicator: Out-of-Scope National Security Population**

**DoD Secret Out of Scope Population** 



Overall change since baseline: -49% (-230K)



#### Acronyms

- **CE** Continuous Evaluation
- **DDM** Deputy Director of Management
- **DNI** Director of National Intelligence
- **DoD** Department of Defense
- **EA** Executive Agent
- **EIB** Enterprise Investment Board
- IRTPA Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004
- **IT** Information Technology
- NBIB National Background Investigative Bureau
- **ODNI** Office of the Director of National Intelligence
- **OMB** Office of Management and Budget
- **OPM** Office of Personnel Management
- PAC Performance Accountability Council
- **PMO** Program Management Office
- SSC Security, Suitability/Fitness, and Credentialing
- **SecEA** Security Executive Agent
- Suit & CredEA Suitability & Credentialing Executive Agent
- **USD(I)** Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence

